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(FYUGP)

(4th Semester)

HISTORY

(MINOR)

Paper : HIS/MN–401

[History of India (C. 1526–1605)]

Full Marks : 75   *Pass Marks* : 40%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(*Marks* : 50)

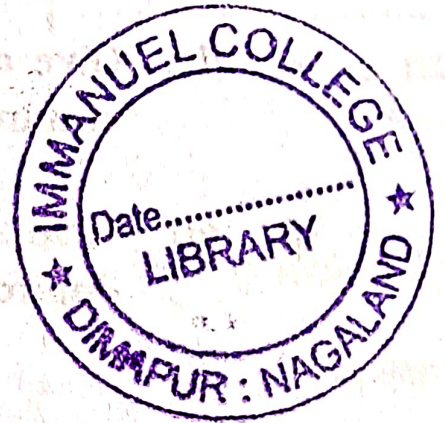*The questions are of equal value*

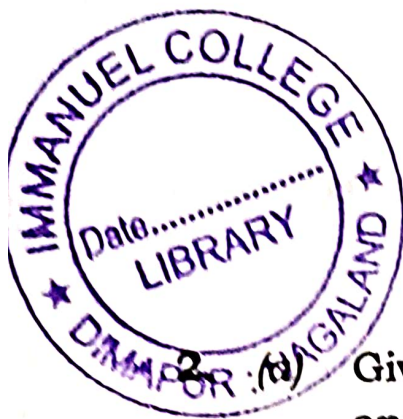1. *(a)* Elaborate on the Persian literary sources during the Mughal period.

Or

   (b) Discuss the development of vernacular literatures during the Mughal period.

(2)

2. (a) Give an account of Babur's invasion of India and its significance.

Or

(b) Give an account of Humayun's struggle for empire.

3. (a) Give an account of the Mansabdari and Jagirdari systems under Akbar.

Or

(b) Examine the religious policy of Akbar.

4. (a) Explain the process of incorporation of Rajputs into the Mughal nobility.

Or

(b) Discuss Akbar's annexation policy towards Gujarat and the Deccan.

5. (a) Discuss the agricultural production and crop patterns during the Mughal period.

Or

(b) Give an account on the trade routes and patterns of internal commerce during the Mughal period.

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HISTORY

(MINOR)

Paper : HIS/MN–401

[History of India (C. 1526–1605)]

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(*Marks* : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions
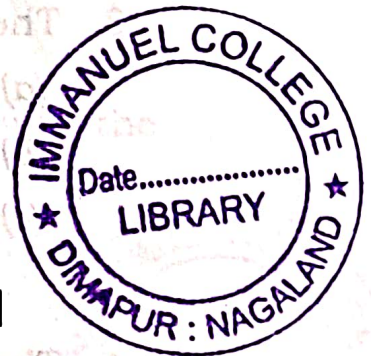
SECTION—I

(*Marks* : 15)

A. Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided :   1×15=15

1. The *Ain-i Akbari* was written by whom among the following scholars?

    (a) Akbar ( )

    (b) Babur ( )

    (c) Abul Fazl ( )

2. In which language was the *Mahabharata* written?

   (a) Urdu   (   )

   (b) Sanskrit   (   )

   (c) Persian   (   )

3. The First Battle of Panipat was fought between

   (a) Babur and Akbar   (   )

   (b) Babur and Ibrahim Lodi   (   )

   (c) Daulat Khan Lodi and the Mughal Empire   (   )

4. The Battle of Kannauj where Humayun was defeated was fought in which year?

   (a) 1540   (   )

   (b) 1545   (   )
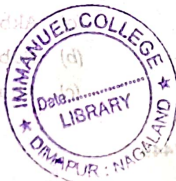
   (c) 1550   (   )

5. What was the official language of the Mughal Court?

   (a) Sanskrit   (   )

   (b) Persian   (   )

   (c) Turkish   (   )

6. Under the classification of land, 'Parauti' was cultivated

   (a) after one year   (   )

   (b) after two years   (   )

   (c) after three years   (   )

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7. Which battle marked the final conquest of the Rajput resistance under Akbar?

   (a) The Battle of Haldighati (1576)   (   )

   (b) The Battle of Panipat (1556)   (   )

   (c) The Battle of Khanwa (1527)   (   )

8. Raja Todar Mal was a minister in the department of

   (a) finance   (   )

   (b) law   (   )

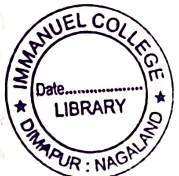   (c) military   (   )

9. Under the Mansabdari system, what did a Mansab represent?

   (a) Land ownership   (   )

   (b) Military rank   (   )

   (c) Religious title   (   )

10. Jizya tax on non-Muslims was abolished by Akbar in

   (a) 1562   (   )

   (b) 1563   (   )

   (c) 1564   (   )

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11. Who was the Rajput leader who allied with Akbar and became a key noble in the Mughal Court?

    (a) Raja Udai Singh   ( )

    (b) Raja Man Singh   ( )

    (c) Raja Bhagwant Das   ( )

12. Who led the Mughal army in the conquest of Bengal?

    (a) Munim Khan   ( )

    (b) Akbar   ( )

    (c) Raja Todar Mal   ( )

13. Which administrative system assigned land to nobles in return for services?

    (a) Iqta system   ( )

    (b) Ryotwari system   ( )

    (c) Jagirdari system   ( )

14. The main inland trade route during the Mughal period connected

    (a) Delhi to Kabul   ( )

    (b) Agra to Surat   ( )

    (c) All of the above   ( )

15. Which Mughal port was the most important for overseas trade?

    (a) Madras   ( )

    (b) Surat   ( )

    (c) Calicut   ( )

SECTION—II

(*Marks* : 10)

B. Write short notes on the following :   2×5=10
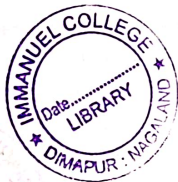
   1. *Akbarnama*

      Or

   The *Ramayana*

2. The Second Battle of Panipat, 1556

Or

Sher Shah

3. Zabti system

Or

Bairam Khan

4. Four indigenous groups in the Mughal nobility

Or

Conquest of Bengal
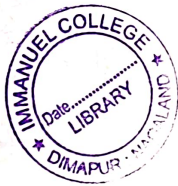
5. Dahsala system

Or

Overseas trade

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